

# Legal Alert

Energy

November 2019

## Proposed new planning rules for wind farms and solar farms in SA

### In a Nutshell

The draft new Planning and Design Code for rural areas in South Australia has been released for public consultation until 29 November 2019. The Code is intended to come into force from April 2020. It will replace the planning provisions that are currently set out in the regional Council Development Plans. The proposed new Code provisions include increased setbacks for wind turbines from townships, settlement zones and non-involved dwellings, together with other tweaks to the existing planning rules. They also include new planning provisions for solar farm developments.

### New Planning Regime in South Australia

The staged replacement of the *Development Act 1993* (SA) with the new *Planning, Development & Infrastructure Act 2016* (SA) is progressing, with the commencement of consultation on the draft new Planning and Design Code for rural areas on Tuesday 1 October. The draft new Code will be open for submissions until 29 November 2019, with intended commencement of operation from April 2020.

The 1833-page draft Code is available for review [here](#).

A separate draft Planning and Design Code for developments within urban areas (being the Adelaide Metro area and regional cities and towns) has also been released for consultation, with intended commencement in July 2020.

The Codes will replace the existing suite of more than 70 Council Development Plans that currently set out the zones and planning provisions that apply to land within Council areas in SA.

### Proposed New Wind Farm planning rules

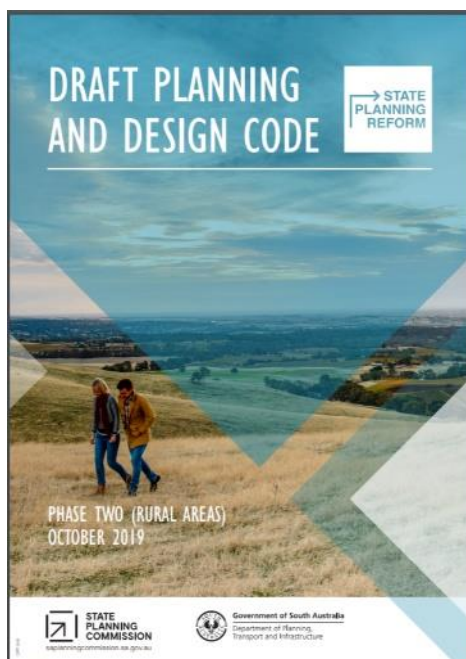
The proposed Code provisions specifically relating to wind farms are generally consistent with the existing wind farm rules found in Development Plans.

However, a key proposed change is the increase in required setbacks. At present, Development Plans provide for a 2km setback from townships and settlements, and a 1km setback from non-involved dwellings to meet visual amenity criteria.

The draft new Code provides for a base 2km setback from a Settlement Zone, Township Zone, Rural Living Zone or Rural Neighbourhood Zone, which is increased by an additional 10m of setback per additional metre of tip height above 150m. So for a 200m turbine, the setback will be 2.5km (being 2km plus 50 x 10m).

For non-involved dwellings that are not within a township or urban area, a 1.2km from the base of the turbine is proposed.

The proposed noise provisions in the Code reflect the current reference to the Environment Protection (Noise) Policy, which itself references the SA EPA wind farm environmental noise guidelines. As such, noise limits applicable to wind farm



developments are not proposed to be altered by way of the introduction of the new Code.

Proposed wind farms will be “restricted development” in areas of high landscape significance, designated by:

- The Barossa and McLaren Vale Character Preservation Area Overlay
- The Significant Landscape Protection Area Overlay (the majority of which falls within the Flinders Ranges area)
- The Hills Face Zone
- A ‘Peri Urban Zone’ which generally applies through the Mount Lofty Ranges east of the Greater Adelaide Area, including the area around Mount Pleasant and Mount Torrens.

Restricted developments can be refused approval without assessment, and approvals are subject to third party appeal rights.

In all other areas, wind farms are “performance assessed” developments that are to be assessed for consistency with the Code. Approvals are not subject to third party appeal rights.

### Proposed New Solar Farm planning rules

Key proposed new planning provisions for solar developments include:

- Solar power facilities generating 5MW or more are not located on land of high environmental, scenic or cultural value (with such land to be identified on a case by case basis);
- Solar power facilities allow for movement of wildlife by:
  - incorporating wildlife corridors and habitat refuges; and
  - avoiding the use of extensive security or perimeter fencing; or
  - incorporating fencing that enables the passage of small animals without unreasonably compromising the security of the facility;
- Amenity impacts of solar power facilities minimised through separation from sensitive receivers.
- Solar power facilities are setback at least:
  - 500 metres from conservation areas;
  - 100 metres from Township, Settlement, Rural Neighbourhood and Rural Living Zones; and
  - 30 metres from adjoining land;
- Solar power facilities incorporate landscaping within setbacks from adjacent road frontages and boundaries of adjacent allotments accommodating non-host dwellings.

In the Rural Zone (which covers most of the regional Council areas of South Australia), solar farms of less than 30KW that meet certain setback requirements and won't involve clearance of native vegetation will be “accepted development”, meaning that only Building Rules consent will be required (not planning approval).

Proposed solar farms within a Significant Landscape Protection Overlay or a Character Preservation Area Overlay will be “restricted development”, meaning that they can be refused approval without assessment, and approvals are subject to third party appeal rights.

### Contact details

If you have any queries regarding this alert and how the new Code may apply to your projects, or would like assistance to prepare a submission on the draft Code, please contact:



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